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Printed electronics – Part 503-1: Quality assessment – Test method of displacement current measurement for printed thin-film transistor

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

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Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62899 series, published under the general title *Printed electronics*, can be found on the IEC website.

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#### INTRODUCTION

There has been a need for a method to measure and evaluate performance and reliability that is appropriate for printed thin-film transistors (TFTs). In the case of printed TFTs, there is much larger parasitic capacitance than dielectric capacitance in the channel. Accordingly, there has been a need for a method to measure and evaluate the properties for printed TFTs. Carrier behavior is one such property, and mobility and threshold voltage (V<sub>th</sub>) for TFTs are other properties. In the case of inorganic TFTs, for example complementary metal-oxide semiconductor (CMOS) TFTs, carriers are induced by the strong inversion at the semiconductor/dielectric interface. But in the case of organic or printed TFTs, carrier generation takes place in the accumulation mode. The total number of carriers in the organic semiconductor layer can often be insufficient to enrich the carrier concentration at the channel. There exists a carrier injection. The carrier injection occurs at the interface of the organic semiconductors' source/drain electrodes. There are three methods to investigate the carrier injection property, that is, Kelvin probe microscopy, four-terminal measurement, and displacement current measurement (DCM). Both Kelvin probe microscopy and four-terminal measurement are indirect methods, but DCM is a direct method to detect charge motion in semiconductors, molecular thin films, and nanoparticles. In this document, the DCM-based channel charge trapping and channel capacitance measurement method is proposed as a measuring method for the carrier properties of organic or printed TFTs.

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# Part 503-1: Quality assessment – Test method of displacement current measurement for printed thin-film transistor

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 62899 specifies a test method for displacement current measurement (DCM) for printed thin-film transistors (TFTs) or organic thin-film transistors (OTFTs).

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 291, Plastics – Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing